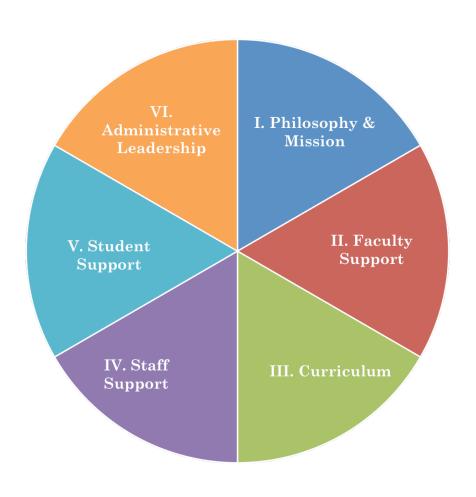


# Project Inclusion Steering Committee Year 1 Report Empowering Institutional Transformation



## Acknowledgment

The content of this report represents the work of WPI's Project Inclusion Steering Committee, over the 2017-18 academic year, led and assisted by:

#### Co-Chairs

- Michelle Jones-Johnson, Vice President, Talent & Inclusion, Chief Diversity Officer
- Peter Hansen, Professor, Humanities & Arts Director of International and Global Studies

## **Project Inclusion Liaison**

Bonnie Walker, Executive Director, Diversity & Inclusion Strategy

## **Project Inclusion Support**

• Christelle Hayles, Diversity & Inclusion Specialist



Prepared for WPI by Alane Shanks and Jenene Cook Renga Consulting Services, Inc. August 2018

## Table of Contents

Table of Contents	3
List of Figures	4
Priority Areas	5
Snapshot of Findings	6
Recommendations	6
Logic Models	7
About Project Inclusion	9
Key Definitions	10
Diversity	10
Inclusion	10
Equity	10
Project Inclusion Steering Committee Process	11
Project Inclusion Year and Dimensions	12
How the Assessment Works	13
Stage One: Emerging	13
Purpose of Logic Models	15
Recommended Strategies	16
Conclusion	22
What Happens Next?	22
Appendix A: Project Inclusion Steering Committee Members	23
Co-Chairs, Institutional Liaison, & Support	23
Staff Sub-Committee	23
Faculty Sub-Committee	23
Student Sub-Committee	24
Appendix B: Logic Models	25
Dimension II: Faculty Support for and Involvement in Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion	25
Dimension IV: Staff Engagement and Involvement in Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion	33
Dimension V: Student Support for and Involvement in Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion	37
Appendix C: Project Inclusion Rubric	44

## List of Figures

Figure 1:	WPI – Stage 1: Emerging	6
Figure 2:	Project Inclusion Rubric	9
Figure 3:	Project Inclusion Steering Committee Process	11
Figure 4:	WPI Project Inclusion Year and Dimensions	12
Figure 5:	Definition of Assessment Stages	13
Figure 6:	Basic Structure of a Logic Model	15
Figure 7:	Strategies for Moving Faculty Knowledge & Awareness from Emerging to  Developing	16
Figure 8:	Strategies for Moving Faculty Development & Incentives from Emerging to Developing	16
Figure 9:	Strategies for Moving Academic Departments from Emerging to Developing	17
Figure 10:	Strategies for Moving Staff Knowledge & Awareness from Emerging to Developing	17
Figure 11:	Strategies for Moving Staff Engagement & Involvement from Emerging to Developing	18
Figure 12:	Strategies for Moving Staff Recruitment & Hiring from Emerging to Developing	18
Figure 13:	Strategies for Moving Staff Sense of Belonging from Emerging to Developing	19
Figure 14:	Strategies for Moving Student Knowledge & Awareness from Emerging to  Developing	19
Figure 15:	Strategies for Moving Student Leadership from Emerging to Developing	20
Figure 16:	Strategies for Moving Student Incentives & Rewards from Emerging to Developing	20
Figure 17:	Strategies for Moving Student Incentives & Rewards from Emerging to Developing,	21

# **Executive Summary**

"At WPI we believe building a community that is welcoming, accepting, appreciative, and open to many opinions is a priority and reflects a larger global landscape that affects us all. The United Nations estimates 11.2 billion people will populate the world by century's end<sup>1</sup>—it is clear our responsibility to promote and achieve a culture respectful of diverse backgrounds, thoughts, and beliefs is vital."

~ Michelle Jones-Johnson, VP Talent and Inclusion, Chief Diversity Officer ~

Renga Consulting was hired in 2016 to facilitate a readiness report and recommend a plan based on the NERCHE Assessment Rubric for the Institutionalization of Diversity, Equity and Inclusion in Higher Education and the Project Inclusion process. After discussions with President Laurie Leshin, the Management Council, focus groups, and the acceptance of a readiness report, a Project Inclusion Steering Committee (PI SC) was formed and agreed upon the goals and objectives of Project Inclusion. Members of the Project Inclusion Steering Committee are listed in Appendix A.

In August of 2017, Renga facilitated the launching of Project Inclusion at WPI, an assessment of the level of commitment to diversity, equity and inclusion. This report highlights the results of year 1 of Project Inclusion, plans for year 2, and recommendations from the PI SC toward deeper commitments, strategic investments, and targeted interventions that address short- and long-term institutional change in the areas of diversity, equity and inclusion.

### **Priority Areas**

The Rubric offers teams of students, staff, and faculty an opportunity to assess the status of the institution and identify meaningful evidence of these assessments.

The six dimensions include:

- Philosophy and Mission
- Faculty Support for and Involvement
- Curriculum, Pedagogy, and Research
- Staff Engagement and Involvement
- Student Support for and Involvement
- Administrative Leadership and Institutional Support

The PI SC adopted a "people first" approach for the first year of Project Inclusion with a focus on the degree to which faculty, staff and students support and are engaged in diversity, equity and inclusion activities fundamental to a thriving inclusive campus.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs, (29 July 2015), "World population projected to reach 9.7 billion by 2050," Retrieved from <a href="https://www.un.org/development/desa/en/news/population/2015-report.html">https://www.un.org/development/desa/en/news/population/2015-report.html</a>

## **Snapshot of Findings**

Commencing Project Inclusion at WPI was a courageous step for senior leadership, inviting and supporting external consultants and a cross-section of faculty, staff and students to methodically assess the level of DEI taking place in every dimension of the institution. WPI's Project Inclusion is part of a deep commitment on the part of WPI's senior leadership to increase DEI. Examples of this commitment include hiring a VP of Talent and Inclusion/CDO as well as highly qualified staff to carry out the initiatives, successful outreach to create gender equity in the student body, requiring a diversity champion in all faculty search, and Residential Services proactively creating a sense of belonging through outreach and inclusion of students from all racial, ethnic and sexual orientation, to name a few.

The first task undertaken by the PI SC was to assess what stage the selected dimensions were in so there is a baseline from which to measure future improvements. The PI SC determined the Faculty, Staff, and Student dimensions are in the **emerging** stage.



Figure 1: WPI – Stage 1: Emerging

Many institutions do not start out this far into the emerging stage. This is why Renga conducts a readiness assessment before we agree to work with an institution. The fact that **WPI clearly recognizes DEI as a strategic priority and is proactively building capacity** in all 3 of the examined dimensions is to be celebrated.

#### Recommendations

#### Faculty

There is a lot to learn from the logic models each of the sub-committees generated. The Faculty sub-committee, for instance, found "Initial data collection indicates that levels of faculty awareness with regard to diversity, equity and inclusion (DEI) are low." To improve awareness, they suggest the provost and/or department chairs foster formal points of communication where DEI issues can be discussed (annual review, FAR, annual retreats etc.). The faculty sub-committee felt it was important to develop a problem statement and recommendations regarding cultural issues at the institutional *and* departmental levels, so they have outlined a logic model for a new component: Inclusive Faculty Culture. The faculty related recommendations are found in Figures 6, 7 and 8 (red).

#### Staff

As an example of the work of the Staff sub-committee, they found that improvements in recruitment and retention of a diverse staff would increase by creating a positive interview experience with diverse search committee interviewers and attention to the environment in which the interview takes place. In addition to two of the Rubric components, the Staff sub-committee developed and provided recommendations for two new components: Staff Recruitment & Hiring and Staff Sense of Belonging. The staff related recommendations are found in Figures 9, 10, 11 and 12 (purple).

#### Students

In the Student dimension, the sub-committee addressed Student Incentives & Rewards and recommended the establishment of an annual student award similar to CARE (Courageous, Aware, Responsible, Exceptional) for outstanding DEI activities. Additional student DEI recommendations are found in Figures 13, 14 and 15 (blue).

#### Dimension Components in Need of Assessment

The sub-committees primarily focused on areas that need attention, therefore, data collection was not always gathered in areas of strength that developed before Project Inclusion began and continue today. The DEI work in Student Support being done by the Residential Services, Student Government, Academic Advising, Office of Multicultural Affairs, for instance, needs to be thoroughly assessed and built upon in the work plan.

There are also components in the Rubric that still need inputs and strategies generated so that they can be included in the work plans for each of these areas:

Faculty	Staff	Students
Faculty Involvement & Support	Staff Incentives & Rewards	Student Success
Faculty Leadership	<ul> <li>Non-Academic Departments</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Student Opportunities for</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Faculty Rewards</li> </ul>		Engagement
<ul> <li>Academic Departments</li> </ul>		

It is recommended that Renga, the Faculty, Staff and Student sub-committees, along with the Management Council continue to work on gathering existing data as well as using on-site surveys or focus groups to generate strategies for moving from the engaging to developing stage.

## **Logic Models**

Logic models developed by each sub-committed are found in Appendix B. The problem statements summarize what needs to change. The information in the table columns details the participants, assumptions upon which the problem statement is based, inputs/strategies that can address the problem, desired outcomes, measures of success, and the long-term impacts. The work that has been outlined are recommendations, not declarations carved in stone. Management Council leaders may benefit from leveraging the guidance of PI Leaders (co-chairs, institutional liaison, and Renga consultants) and PI SC sub-committee chairs to better inform their approach as they move this mission-critical work forward in their specific areas.

**Empowering Institutional Transformation** 

Renga Consulting Services, Inc.

# **Empowering Institutional Transformation**

## WPI Project Inclusion

In August 2017, Project Inclusion was officially launched at WPI. Project Inclusion is an institutional cultural climate self-assessment that enables an actionable plan for structural and cultural change across the institution by evolving the critical themes identified in dimensional logic models to guide institutional leaders in work plan development and implementation. This process is guided by the *Rubric for the Institutionalization of Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion in Higher Education* (henceforth referred to as the "Rubric") developed by the New England Resource Center for Higher Education (NERCHE).

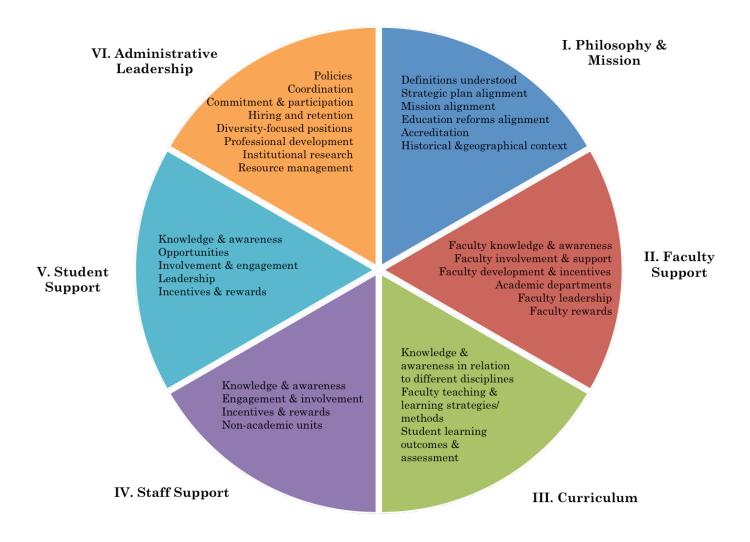


Figure 2: Project Inclusion Rubric

## **Key Definitions**

## **Diversity**

Individual differences (e.g., personality, learning styles, and life experiences) and group/social differences (e.g., race/ethnicity, class, gender, sexual orientation, country of origin, physical or cognitive abilities, as well as cultural, political, religious, or other affiliations) that can be engaged in the service of learning.

### Inclusion

The active, intentional, and ongoing engagement with diversity—in people, in the curriculum, in the cocurriculum, and in communities (intellectual, social, cultural, geographical). This engagement with diversity has the potential to increase one's awareness, content knowledge, cognitive sophistication, and empathic understanding of the complex ways individuals interact within systems and institutions.

## **Equity**

Creating opportunities for equal access and success for historically underrepresented populations, such as racial and ethnic minority and low-income students, in three main areas:

- Representational equity, the proportional participation at all levels of an institution;
- **Resource equity**, the distribution of educational resources in order to close equity gaps; and
- **Equity-mindedness**, the demonstration of an awareness of and willingness to address equity issues among institutional leaders and staff.

## Project Inclusion Steering Committee Process

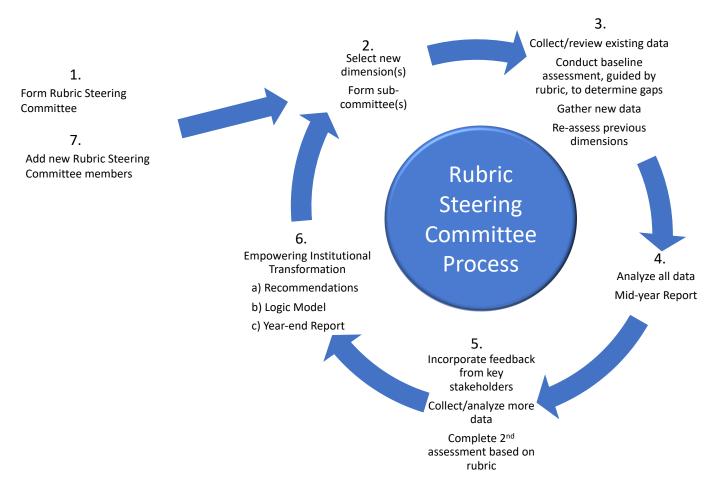


Figure 3: Project Inclusion Steering Committee Process

Figure 2 depicts the process undergone by the PI SC in Year 1 (steps 1 through 6) working on DEI issues. Stage 7 starts the cycle again with a focus on providing an assessment of implemented recommendations. This process of data collection, pre-assessment, documentation of current practices, recommendations for change, time to make the changes, re-assessment, adjustments based on assessments, imbeds true cultural and structural change in all six of the dimensions. Members of WPI's Project Inclusion Steering Committee are listed in Appendix A.

## Project Inclusion Year and Dimensions

In year 1, based on the findings of the Readiness Report, input from the President and Management Council, and ultimately a vote from the PI SC, it was determined that the following dimensions would be the focus of the first year, with a "people first" approach:

- Dimension II: Faculty Support for and Involvement in Diversity, Equity and Inclusion
- Dimension IV: Staff Engagement and Involvement in Diversity, Equity and Inclusion
- Dimension V: Student Support for and Engagement in Diversity, Equity and Inclusion

The results of the assessment and recommendations of the Faculty, Student and Staff sub-committees are described in the remainder of this report.

For year 2, the PI SC will form two sub-committees to assess and recommend opportunities for DEI in the Curriculum and Senior Administration dimensions. In year 3, the PI SC will create one sub-committee to assess and recommend opportunities for DEI in the Mission and Philosophy dimension and will have other sub-committees re-assessing the progress in the Faculty, Student and Staff dimensions.



- Dimension II: Faculty
- Dimension IV: Staff
- Dimension V: Students



- Dimension III: Curriculum
- Dimension VI: Administrative Leadership



- Dimension I: Philosophy & Mission
- Re-assessment of year 1 dimensions

Figure 4: WPI Project Inclusion Year and Dimensions

Although not depicted in the diagram, the PI SC should re-assess progress of the remaining three dimensions, for example, the Curriculum and Administrative Leadership in year 4 and Philosophy & Mission in year 5.

## How the Assessment Works

The Rubric, shown in Figure 1, is comprised of six dimensions, each of which includes a set of components characterizing the dimension. Components represent the key areas to examine in order to institutionalize diversity, equity and inclusion. A robust assessment involves collecting accompanying *indicators* for each component. Indicators are: policies, practices, structures, as well as artifacts of culture and climate. They may be formal such as campus climate surveys, DEI excellence scorecards, IPEDS reports, and qualitative interview or informal, such as anecdotal evidence and ad hoc focus groups. After thorough data collection and analysis, each component is assessed in one of three-stages of development:



**Stage One: Emerging** — A campus is beginning to recognize diversity, inclusion and equity as strategic priorities and is building a campus-wide constituency for the effort.

**Stage Two: Developing** — A campus is focused on ensuring the development of its institutional and individual capacity to sustain the diversity, inclusion and equity effort.

**Stage Three: Transforming** — A campus has fully institutionalized diversity, inclusion and equity into the fabric of its institution, and continues to assess its efforts to ensure progress and sustainability.

#### Figure 5: Definition of Assessment Stages

Progression through the stages suggests that the institution is moving closer to fully institutionalizing diversity, inclusion and equity on its campus. Based on the data collection provided by each of the PI SC sub-committees, all of the components in the selected dimensions for year 1 were assessed in the emerging stage.

## Stage One: Emerging

Below are the set of components characterizing each dimension at the emerging stage:

#### Faculty

- A small percentage of faculty members can confidently define diversity, inclusion and equity are
  or explain why they are essential aspects of a student's education.
- Few faculty members are supporters, instructors, or advocates of diversity, inclusion, and equity. A small percentage support the strong infusion of diversity, inclusion and equity into the academy or into their own professional work. A few faculty members on campus sustain diversity, inclusion, and equity activities.
- Very few of the most influential faculty members on campus serve as leaders for advancing diversity, inclusion, and equity on the campus and/or are not encouraging colleagues to engage in diversity work on campus or in their courses.

- In general, faculty members are not encouraged to engage in diversity, inclusion and equity; faculty members' work in diversity, inclusion and equity is not usually recognized during their review, tenure, and promotion and sabbatical processes.
- There are few opportunities and dedicated funds to support and sustain faculty capacity for diversity over time. There are few incentives provided (e.g., mini-grants, course releases, funds for conferences, etc.) to pursue diversity activities.
- Few, if any, departments infuse diversity, inclusion and equity as formal part of their academic programs.

#### Staff

- A small percentage of staff members, outside of Residential Services, Office of Multicultural Affairs, and Talent & Inclusion, can confidently define diversity, inclusion, and equity are or explain why they are an essential part of their role at WPI.
- Few staff members are supporters, instructors, or advocates of diversity, inclusion, and equity. A few staff members on campus sustain diversity activities.
- In general, staff members are not encouraged to engage in diversity, inclusion and equity; few if any incentives are provided (e.g., funds for conferences, professional development etc.) to pursue diversity activities; staff members' work in diversity, inclusion and equity is not usually recognized during their performance review and promotion process.
- With the exception of the Office of Multicultural Affairs, Residential Services and Talent & Inclusion, few, units infuse diversity, inclusion and equity as a formal part of their operational practices.

#### Students

- Very few students know what diversity, inclusion and equity are or understand why knowledge and experience in these areas are essential to their education and their future work.
- Few, if any, linkages exist between student knowledge, skills, and dispositions related to diversity, inclusion and equity and campus definitions of student success both within the classroom and outside of it.
- There are a handful of co-curricular opportunities to enhance student learning about diversity, inclusion and equity issues; a small percentage student body is regularly involved or engaged in diversity activities.
- There are a small number of opportunities on campus exist for student leaders to develop
  expertise on diversity, inclusion and equity issues; few, if any, opportunities on campus exist for
  students to take on leadership roles in advancing diversity in co-curricular settings throughout
  the campus.
- WPI has few formal mechanisms (e.g. diversity notation on students' transcripts, etc.) or informal mechanisms (news stories in paper, unofficial student certificates of achievement) that encourage students to prioritize participation in diversity activities.

## Purpose of Logic Models

A logic model is a visual representation of the assumptions and theory of action that underlie the structure of a program giving a framework for charting the links between resources, activities, and outputs and its intended outcomes. It enables evaluation and it helps communicate to stakeholders the desired accomplishment, how goals will be reached, and to track progress.

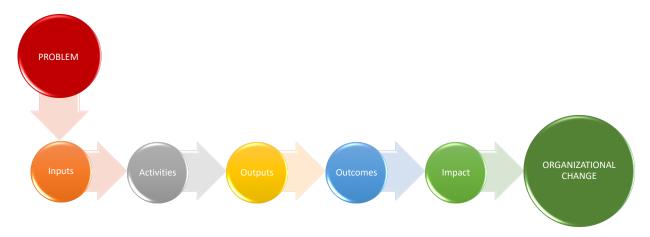


Figure 6: Basic Structure of a Logic Model

After compiling and analyzing as much data as time permitted, the PI SC sub-committees created the logic models found in Appendix B. Renga consultants matched the inputs/strategies data in each of the logic models, to the **developing** stage from each of the three rubric dimensions. This provides the Management Council with **strategies to move DEI in their areas from emerging to developing**. The logic models address many but not all of the rubric components. Appendix C lists the complete Rubric dimensions the PI SC selected for year 1 with all of the components and stages. The dimensions which are incomplete – components that are NOT included in the logic models – are marked with an asterisk (\*) and should be addressed in year 2 by continued work by the PI SC and/or the Management Council to generate strategies.

## Recommended Strategies

The following diagrams represent the strategies recommended (in squares) by the PI SC to move selected components from the emerging to the **developing** stage (in circle). Components added by the sub-committee are marked with a plus sign (+).

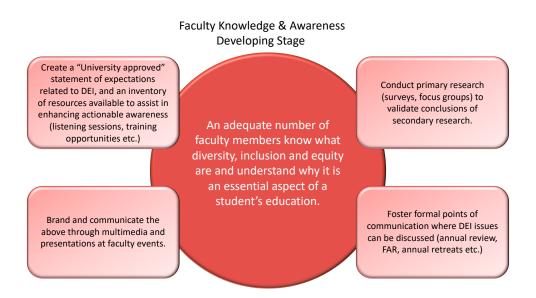


Figure 7: Strategies for Moving Faculty Knowledge & Awareness from Emerging to Developing

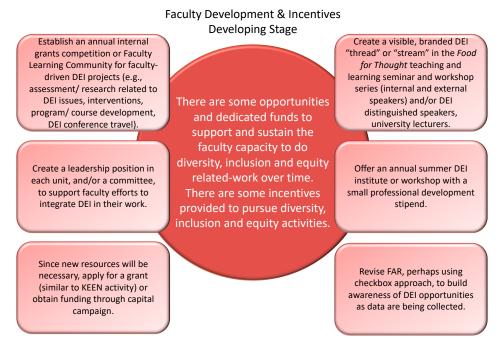


Figure 8: Strategies for Moving Faculty Development & Incentives from Emerging to Developing

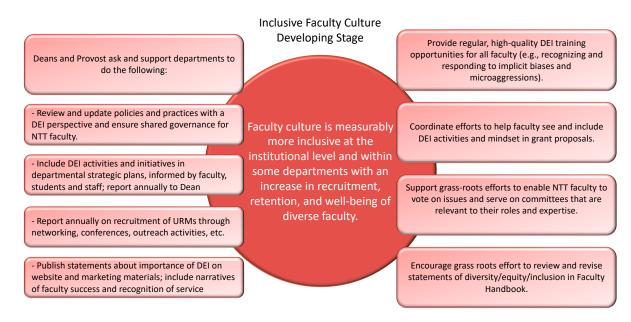


Figure 9: Strategies for Moving Inclusive Faculty Culture from Emerging to Developing+

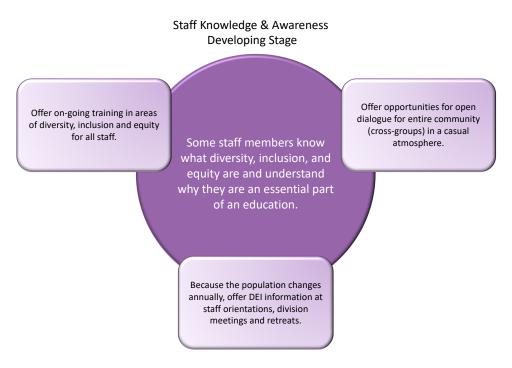


Figure 10: Strategies for Moving Staff Knowledge & Awareness from Emerging to Developing



Figure 11: Strategies for Moving Staff Engagement & Involvement from Emerging to Developing



Figure 12: Strategies for Moving Staff Recruitment & Hiring from Emerging to Developing+

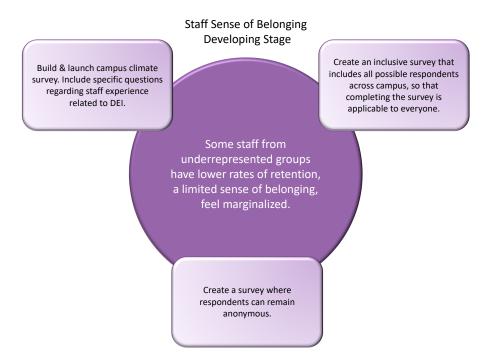


Figure 13: Strategies for Moving Staff Sense of Belonging from Emerging to Developing+

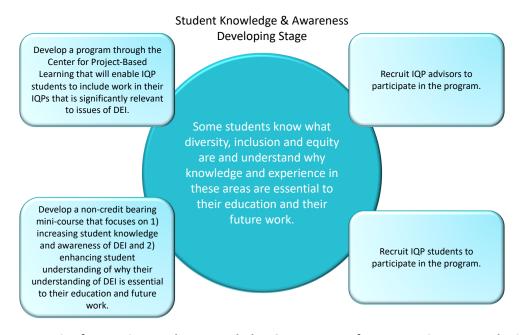


Figure 14: Strategies for Moving Student Knowledge & Awareness from Emerging to Developing

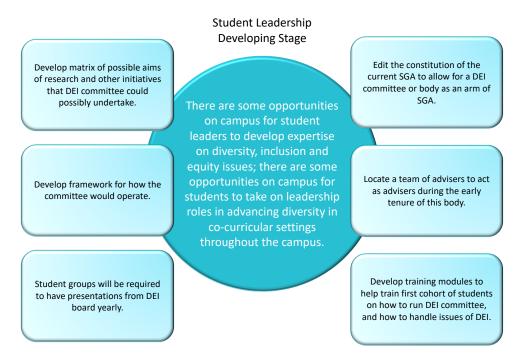


Figure 15: Strategies for Moving Student Leadership from Emerging to Developing

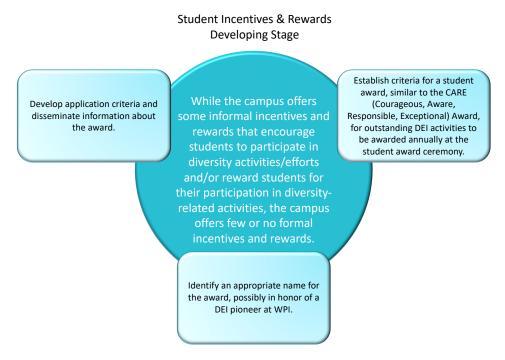


Figure 16: Strategies for Moving Student Incentives & Rewards from Emerging to Developing

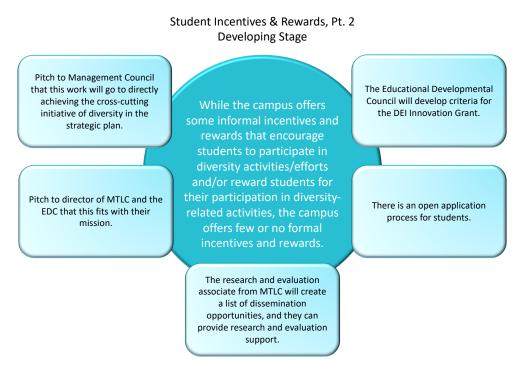


Figure 17: Strategies for Moving Student Incentives & Rewards from Emerging to Developing, Pt. 2

## Conclusion

WPI Project Inclusion in year 1 has provided a data-driven assessment that will enable stakeholders to continue cultivating a workplace and campus that is inclusive and welcoming, in addition to illuminating new approaches, ideas, and programs that have not been considered, or known, previously. As the PI SC recommendations are refined and developed into work plans, WPI will move decisively towards its ultimate DEI goal.

"...the goal of this is that we create an environment that will support and allow people to thrive so that our entire community is in a position where we are leading how an inclusive culture should be modeled, especially in higher education."

~ Michelle Jones-Johnson, VP Talent and Inclusion, Chief Diversity Officer ~

## What Happens Next?

In year 2, Renga is available to work with the Management Council to develop work plans based on PI SC recommendations on how to **move from** *emerging* **to the** *developing* **stage**.

- Co-chairs of the PI SC, sub-committee chairs, and Renga consultants review this report with President Leshin and the Management Council.
- The PI SC is reconfigured and moves on to Curriculum and Senior Leadership dimensions.
- Management Council division leads for faculty, staff and students work with their teams to integrate PI SC recommendations into 2018-19 departmental work plans.
  - Receive support for this work from PI SC co-chairs, PI SC sub-committee chairs and Renga.
- Quarterly reviews with PI SC co-chairs and the Management Council.
  - o Management Council division leads share updates on progress.
  - o Project Inclusion leadership provides implementation progress updates to PI SC.
    - Q1 Implementation progress update: Faculty, Student, Staff Support dimensions
    - Q2 PI SC mid-year update: Curriculum and Administrative Leadership dimensions
    - Q3 Implementation progress update II: Faculty, Student, Staff Support dimensions
    - Q4 PI SC year-end update: Curriculum and Administrative Leadership dimensions

It is a pleasure working with WPI and we look forward to steady progress in the year ahead.

Renga Consulting Services, Inc.

WPI Year 1 Final Report

## Appendix A: Project Inclusion Steering Committee Members

Thank you to the Project Inclusion Steering Committee members who have invested their time and energy to championing this initiative in year 1.

## Co-Chairs, Institutional Liaison, & Support

- Michelle Jones-Johnson, Vice President, Talent & Inclusion, Chief Diversity Officer
- Peter Hansen, Professor, Humanities & Arts Director of International and Global Studies
- Bonnie Walker, Executive Director, Diversity & Inclusion Strategy
- Christelle Hayles, Diversity & Inclusion Specialist

#### Staff Sub-Committee

- Casey Wall, Director, Office of Residential Services
- Alison Donta-Venman, Director, Office of Institutional Research
- Yvette Rutledge, Customer Service Coordinator, Facilities
- Rachel LeBlanc, Assistant Vice President, CPE
- Suzanne Weekes, Professor, Mathematical Science
- Diane Begreen, Operations Manager, Library Services

- Tom Thomsen, Director, Office of International Students and Scholars
- Dana Harmon, Director of Physical Education, Recreation, and Athletics
- Paul Reilly, Executive Director, Academic Advising
- Jessica Locke, '19, Environmental Engineering
- Zoe Reidinger, Assistant Teaching Professor, Bioengineering
- Marja Bakermans, Associate Teaching Professor, Undergraduate Studies

## **Faculty Sub-Committee**

- Kathy Chen, Executive Director, STEM Education Center
- Corey Dehner, Associate Teaching Professor, Interdisciplinary & Global Studies
- Chrysanthe Demetry, *Director, Morgan Teaching & Learning Center, Associate Professor, Mechanical Engineering*
- Paula Quinn, Associate Director, Center for Project-Based Learning
- Susan Roberts, Department Head and Professor, Chemical Engineering

- Charlana Simmons, Director, Multicultural Affairs
- Winston Soboyejo, *Dean, Engineering*
- Kristopher Sullivan, Associate Vice President, Academic Affairs
- Kris Wobbe, Associate Dean, Undergraduate Studies
- Rodica Neamtu, Associate Teaching Professor of Computer Science and Data Science
- Jeanine Skorinko, Associate Professor of Psychology

### **Student Sub-Committee**

- Carlie Alfaro, '18, Biology and Biotechnology
- Avery Brown, GS, Chemical Engineering
- Thomas Mackintosh, '18, Electrical and Computer Engineering
- Ally Day, '18, Biology and Biotechnology
- Pacifique Mugabo, '18, Chemical Engineering
- Errando Berwin Jayapurna, '18, Chemical Engineering
- Reid Billings, '18, Mechanical Engineering
- Ana Kristy Giacoman, '20, Industrial Engineering and Economic Science
- Rosie McCarthy, '19, Mechanical Engineering
- Mike Brooks, '19, Management Engineering

- Lisa Stoddard, Assistant Teaching Professor, Environmental and Sustainability Studies
- Adrienne Hall-Phillips, Associate Professor, Foisie Business School
- Andrew Palumbo, Dean, Admissions & Financial Aid
- Steve Kmiotek, Professor of Practice, Chemical Engineering
- Michael Jacobs, Sergeant, Campus Police
- Katie Elmes, Associate Director, STEM Education Center

## Appendix B: Logic Models

## Dimension II: Faculty Support for and Involvement in Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion

## Faculty Knowledge & Awareness

Problem Statement: Initial data collection indicates that levels of faculty awareness with regard to diversity, equity and inclusion (DEI) are low, and that several opportunities exist to improve awareness levels and reporting of measurable DEI activities.

Faculty officially report their research (surveys, focus actual awareness will emerge.  DEI on their Faculty Annual Reports and in conversations with department heads about performance and professional development.  Faculty officially research (surveys, focus groups) to validate review, FAR, annual development.  Clearer picture of actual awareness will emerge. Evidence of increased awareness will increase.  Formal inventory of DEI awareness resources will be created and available for all, including faculty.  Foster formal points of communication where DEI issues can be discussed (annual review, FAR, annual development.	Participants	Assumptions	Inputs/Strategies	Outcomes	Measures of Success	Long-Term Impacts
retreats etc.)	Faculty	Faculty officially report their activities related to DEI on their Faculty Annual Reports and in conversations with department heads about performance and professional	Conduct primary research (surveys, focus groups) to validate conclusions of secondary research.  Foster formal points of communication where DEI issues can be discussed (annual	Clearer picture of actual awareness will emerge.  Evidence of increased awareness will emerge through identified sources (FAR, longitudinal	Measurable levels of awareness will increase.  Formal inventory of DEI awareness resources will be created and available for all,	Steady levels of increased awareness will be evident through continued

Participants	Assumptions	Inputs/Strategies	Outcomes	Measures of Success	Long-Term Impacts
Faculty	Opportunities exist	Create a "University	Participation rates	DEI will be better	Faculty members will know
members	to greater incorporate DEI issues into the curriculum and non-curricular activities. A level of unawareness may lead to instances of bias that go unrecognized.	approved" statement of expectations related to DEI, and an inventory of resources available to assist in enhancing actionable awareness (listening sessions, training opportunities etc.).  Brand and communicate the above through multimedia and presentations at faculty events.	at DEI related events will increase. Evidence of DEI incorporation into curriculum will emerge.	incorporated into academic culture.  Through faculty awareness, student satisfaction with DEI issues will increase.	that there is a visible, stable source of support and opportunities that that they can count on to build their capacity for DEI over time.  Faculty will take ownership of DEI work as essential to their roles as educators, scholars, and colleagues.

## Faculty Involvement & Support

Problem Statement: Very few faculty members are instructors, supporters, or advocates of diversity, inclusion and equity. Few support the strong infusion of diversity, inclusion and equity into the academy or into their own professional work. A few faculty members on campus sustain diversity, inclusion, and equity activities.

#### Faculty Leadership

Problem Statement: Very few of the most influential faculty members on campus serve as leaders for advancing diversity, inclusion, and equity on the campus and/or are not encouraging colleagues to engage in diversity work on campus or in their courses.

## Faculty Rewards

Problem Statement: In general, faculty members are not encouraged to engage in diversity, inclusion and equity; faculty members' work in diversity, inclusion and equity is not usually recognized during their review, tenure, and promotion and sabbatical processes.

#### Academic Departments

Problem Statement: Few, if any, departments infuse diversity, inclusion and equity as a formal part if their academic programs.

## Faculty Development & Incentives

Problem Statement: There are only sporadic opportunities at WPI for faculty to build their capacity for work related to diversity, equity, and inclusion. No dedicated funds and few incentives have been provided to pursue diversity, inclusion, and equity activities.

Participants	Assumptions	Inputs/Strategies	Outcomes	Measures of Success	Long-Term Impacts
Participants  Faculty members  Department Heads and Deans  Provost	The biggest incentives for faculty are time (=\$) and recognition.  Faculty will be motivated to participate if given the time and high-quality opportunities with a range of entry points and level of commitment.  Faculty can also be motivated by positive peer pressure and	Establish an annual internal grants competition or Faculty Learning Community for faculty-driven DEI projects (e.g., assessment/ research related to DEI issues, interventions, program/course development, DEI conference travel).  Offer an annual summer DEI institute or workshop with a small professional development stipend.	A dedicated source of funds will be available annually for DEI projects.  At least 2-3 DEI-related faculty development opportunities will be offered and visible on campus annually.	Measures of Success  High level of faculty awareness about DEI development opportunities (80%?).  High level of faculty awareness about dedicated funds for DEI work (80%?).  Increase in % of faculty reporting PD related to DEI (target of 20-30% for first year or two?) on FAR.  High participation and	Faculty members will know that there is a visible, stable source of support and opportunities that that they can count on to build their capacity for DEI over time.  Faculty will take ownership of DEI work as essential to their roles as educators, scholars, and colleagues.
	word-of-mouth.  High level of completion of Faculty Annual Reports (FAR).			satisfaction with quality of DEI development opportunities.	Faculty involved in DEI work will feel recognized and rewarded.

Participants	Assumptions	Inputs/Strategies	Outcomes	Measures of Success	Long-Term Impacts
Faculty members	Dept. Heads, Deans,	Create a visible, branded DEI	Faculty increase their	Increase in knowledge	All students feel
	and Provost support	"thread" or "stream" in the	capacity for work	and change in	supported and
	and value faculty	Food for Thought teaching	related to DEI.	behaviors as result of	included by faculty.
Department	development in DEI.	and learning seminar and		development	Faculty model
Heads and Deans		workshop series (internal and		opportunities.	inclusive practices to
		external speakers) and/or DEI		Faculty implement DEI	students to create
_		Distinguished Speakers,		in their work.	long lasting culture
Provost		University Lecturers.		III CIICII WOTKI	shifts.
		Revise FAR, perhaps using			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		checkbox approach, to build			
		awareness of DEI			
		opportunities as data are			
		being collected.			
		Since new resources will be			
		necessary, apply for a grant			
		(similar to KEEN activity) or			
		obtain funding through			
		capital campaign.			
		Create a leadership position			
		in each unit, and/or a			
		committee, to support faculty			
		efforts to integrate DEI in			
		their work.			

## Faculty Inclusive Culture

Problem Statement: Faculty culture is presently not inclusive, both at the institutional level and within some departments, which affects recruitment, retention, and well-being of diverse faculty. Faculty culture has developed with a (false) sense of "meritocracy," without diversity, equity and inclusivity in mind, and thus a culture that often excludes faculty from diverse backgrounds has been created.

Participants	Assumptions	Inputs/Strategies	Outcomes	Measures of Success	Long-Term Impacts
Faculty Department heads Deans Administrators Students	Faculty are unconscious about their biases and they can be trained.  Longstanding culture can be shifted to be more inclusive.  The Division of Talent and Inclusion and Academic Affairs leadership will continue to make progress with their initiatives to improve recruitment and faculty search practices.	Provide regular high-quality DEI training opportunities for all faculty (e.g., recognizing and responding to implicit biases and microaggressions).  Coordinate efforts to help faculty see and include DEI activities and mindset in grant proposals.	All faculty are trained in DEI with strategic participation in DEI activities.  DEI work is a central part of the merit, retention, promotion, and tenure processes.  Search committees are trained in DEI and use rubrics when evaluating applicants.  Departments become more diverse in faculty compositions, as outlined in strategic plans.	Faculty are trained in DEI.  Increase in feelings of inclusion and support among all types of faculty.  % of NTT and TT's from URM groups are interviewed, given offers, and hired at increased numbers in all departments/ programs.  Retention rates for faculty from diverse backgrounds will show consistent positive trends.  Students from URM groups will feel valued and do well in courses and projects.	An inclusive culture that embraces diverse perspectives and experiences is created where ALL faculty feel included, respected and have equal access to privileges and benefits.  WPI is known as place where all types of faculty want to work.  Faculty from URM groups feel a sense of belonging.

Participants	Assumptions	Inputs/Strategies	Outcomes	Measures of Success	Long-Term Impacts
Department heads	Some faculty from	• publish statements			
Faculty	URM groups feel "bullied" and	about the importance of DEI within their specific			
Department staff	marginalized,	units on relevant			
Search committees	unwelcome, or overburdened, which	websites and marketing materials; include			
Deans	affects sense of	expanded narratives of			
Administrators	belonging and	faculty success and			
Students	retention of talent.  Exclusion of NTT	recognition of broad areas of service			
	faculty from shared governance, at the	Support grass-roots efforts to enable NTT			
	institutional level and	faculty to vote on issues			
	in some departments, is a significant DEI issue	and serve on committees that are relevant to their roles and expertise.			
	that should be addressed and improved upon.	Encourage grass roots effort to review and revise statements of			
		diversity/equity/inclusion in Faculty Handbook			

## Dimension IV: Staff Engagement and Involvement in Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion

## Staff Knowledge & Awareness

Problem Statement: Grow university staff awareness in the areas of DEI.

Participants	Assumptions	Inputs/Strategies	Outcomes	Measures of Success	Long-Term Impacts
Staff from all grade	Not all staff know	Offer on-going training in	Set measurable	Assessment of	Noticeable change in
and salary levels	what diversity,	areas of diversity, inclusion	outcomes for the	measurable outcomes	staff awareness and
	inclusion and equity	and equity for all staff.	suggested trainings,	for trainings, shows	understanding of DEI,
	means, nor how their	Offer opportunities for open	orientations and	increased	i.e. knows the
	role on campus	dialogue for entire	open dialogues -	understanding of DEI	definitions of diversity,
	impacts DEI.	community (cross-groups) in	including pre-post	concepts improves	equity, and inclusion
		a casual atmosphere.	assessment	among staff	and can articulate their
		a casaar atmosphere.	strategies for these	populations.	role at the university
		Because the population	sessions.		tied to DEI and that
		changes annually, offer DEI			impact, as well as feel
		information at staff			more comfortable
		orientations, division			talking about DEI
		meetings and retreats.			related issues.

## Staff Engagement & Involvement

Problem Statement: Limited staff members understand why diversity, equity, and inclusion are an essential part of the WPI education.

Participants	Assumptions	Inputs/Strategies	Outcomes	Measures of Success	Long-Term Impacts
Staff from all grade	Limited staff know	Non-Academic Offices and	Staff consider	Non-Academic	DEI work is understood
and salary levels	what diversity,	departments adjust their	diversity, equity and	Departments have DEI	as an integral part of
	inclusion and equity	mission statements to	inclusion in day-to-	concepts in their	everyone's day-to-day
	mean. The majority	include DEI concepts.	day tasks. DEI is a	mission statements.	routine. Not a check
	of staff believe it is	Department Heads	priority in decision	Department heads are	box item, or something
	other staff's	incorporate measurable	making process for	able to showcase	that is believed to be
	responsibility to	DEI goals into already	staff. Department	positive impact staff	somebody else's
	complete diversity,	established annual goals.	heads provide data	have made in areas of	responsibility. Comfort
	inclusion and equity		in year-end reports	DEI through year-end	in talking about DEI
	work. Staff do		related to their DEI	reporting, with data to	becomes
	understand how their		goals.	show that goals have	commonplace.
	role impacts			been met.	
	education at				
	university.				

### Staff Incentives & Rewards

Problem Statement: In general, staff members are not encouraged to engage in diversity, inclusion and equity; few if any incentives are provided (e.g., funds for conferences, professional development etc.) to pursue diversity activities; staff members' work in diversity, inclusion and equity is not usually recognized during their performance review and promotion process.

## Non-Academic Departments

Problem Statement: Few, if any, units (e.g. Purchasing, Human Resources, Dining Services, Student Life) infuse diversity, inclusion and equity as a formal part of their operational practices.

## Staff Recruitment & Hiring

Problem Statement: Domestic racial diversity needs to increase in staff recruitment and hiring; staff racial diversity is not reflective of our student body.

Participants	Assumptions	Inputs/Strategies	Outcomes	Measures of Success	Long-Term Impacts
Staff Applicants	We need to be	In Person Recruitment: Job	Increase racial	With a slated	Staff's racial diversity will
and Recruits	more racially	Fair Attendance	diversity	percentage increase	ultimately match the
	diverse as it will	(Quinsigamond, Veteran,	among staff by	every year, we should	benchmarked comparison
	improve our	Local Community, etc.) - Not	appropriately	reach our goal of a	demographics by
	student, staff and	only by T & I but also by	benchmarked	more diverse staff	department/division, to reach
	faculty experience	departments.	percentage	composition in 5	the goal of staff racial
	and increase our talent abilities at WPI.	Common DEI Language in all job descriptions.	annually.	years. The more	composition aligned with that
				diverse we are, the	of the student body.
				more we will attract	
	We believe in-	T & I promotional materials		diverse candidates.	
	person	showcasing our DEI efforts.			
	recruitment will	DEI training for each			
	help bring in a	department.			
	more diverse pool	·			
	of applicants.	Strategically align interview			
	or applicants.	experience; whereby diverse			
		interviewers and attention to			
		environment is prioritized as			
		integral to positive interview			
		experience for applicants.			

## Staff Sense of Belonging

Problem Statement: A limited sense of belonging impacts the feeling of marginalization and the retention of underrepresented groups.

Participants	Assumptions	Inputs/Strategies	Outcomes	Measures of Success	Long-Term Impacts
Staff from all grade	The retention rates for	Build & launch campus	Collect data to assess	Improve retention of	Staff's sense of
Staff from all grade and salary levels	staff of underrepresented Staff groups, is lower than that of the majority. Staff that are members of underrepresented groups feel "othered" in the WPI community. i.e. Campus Holiday Party - is a Christmas party, non-	climate survey. Include specific questions	Collect data to assess changes in the University population overtime. Climate survey data documents and informs the experiences of marginalized groups and the impact on respondents' feeling of belonging.	Improve retention of diverse staff by slated percentage, annually, and review indicators of an increased sense of belonging and a count of newly recruited staff, over time.	
	Christian faith individuals do not feel included or that party is for them.	applicable to everyone.  Create a survey where respondents can remain anonymous.	Additionally, survey data provides a framework for areas of improvement (action/work plans) related to retention and a sense of belonging at WPI.		

# Dimension V: Student Support for and Involvement in Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion

### Student Knowledge & Awareness

Problem Statement: There is a lack of opportunity for students to develop knowledge and awareness of what diversity, equity, and inclusion are, and there is a lack of opportunity for them to develop an understanding of why knowledge and experience in DEI are essential to their education and future work.

Participants	Assumptions	Inputs/Strategies	Outcomes	Measures of Success	Long-Term Impacts
Undergraduate students who are working on their IQPs	The Center for Project-Based Learning will lead this effort. Enough IQP advisors will see the value of this effort to make it viable. Enough IQP students will see the value of this effort to make it viable. IGSD will support this effort. assessment to measure student knowledge and awareness of DEI.	Develop a program through the Center for Project-Based Learning that will enable IQP students to include work in their IQPs that is significantly relevant to issues of DEI. Recruit IQP advisors to participate in the program. Recruit IQP students to participate in the program.	Increase the number of IQPs that include work that is significantly relevant to issues of D, E, and/or I from (essentially) none to ultimately per year.	Program is developed.  IQP advisors agree to participate in the program.  Students agree to participate in the program.	Establish a tradition of including issues of DEI in student project work.  Develop and prepare a group of students each year who can help lead a culture change that is pro DEI in the STEM workforce.

Participants	Assumptions	Inputs/Strategies	Outcomes	Measures of Success	Long-Term Impacts
Undergraduate students who are working on their IQPs	Enough IQPs will be identified each year to make this effort viable.  It will be possible to develop a pre- and post-program	Develop a non-credit bearing mini-course that focuses on 1) increasing student knowledge and awareness of DEI and 2) enhancing student understanding of why their understanding of DEI is essential to their education and future work.	Increase the number of students who worked on IQPs that include work that is significantly relevant to issues of DEI from (essentially) none to per year.  For each student who participates, increase knowledge and awareness of DEI as measured through a pre- and post-program assessment.	IQPs are conducted that include work that is significantly relevant to issues of DEI.  IQP student scores on pre- and post-program assessment that measures IQP student knowledge and awareness of DEI.	Establish WPI as a leader in using project-based pedagogy to develop student understanding of DEI and of its importance and relevance to their work as students and professionals.

### **Student Success**

Problem Statement: Few, if any, linkages exist between student knowledge, skills, and dispositions related to diversity, inclusion and equity and campus definitions of student success both within the classroom and outside of it.

### Student Opportunities for Engagement

Problem Statement: Only a handful of co-curricular opportunities to enhance student learning about diversity, inclusion and equity issues are available; Very few students are involved or engaged in diversity activities.

## Student Leadership

Problem Statement: Few, if any, opportunities on campus exist for student leaders to develop expertise on diversity, inclusion and equity issues; few, if any, opportunities on campus exist for students to take on leadership roles in advancing diversity in co-curricular settings throughout the campus.

Participants	Assumptions	Inputs/Strategies	Outcomes	Measures of Success	Long-Term Impacts
Undergraduate students who have expressed an interest in student leadership	The student government association agrees that issues of Diversity, Equity and Inclusion are important on campus.  There will be large enough interest in forming a DEI committee on campus that people will join.  There will be interest in having this committee attend trainings so that they can then share that training with others.	Edit the constitution of the current SGA to allow for a DEI committee or body as an arm of SGA.  Locate a team of advisers to act as advisers during the early tenure of this body.  Develop training modules to help train first cohort of students on how to run DEI committee, and how to handle issues of DEI.  Develop matrix of possible arms of research and other initiatives that DEI committee could possibly undertake.	Creation of an oncampus body of students who are aware of DEI and have the capacity to train others.  Students from WPI will graduate with increased exposure to DEI issues, and will be able to serve on such committees in the workplace.	Committee is deployed on campus in 2019-2020 school year.  Committee advisors are trained and develop curriculum for committee in early 2019.  Students apply to be on inaugural board in May of 2019.  Committee conducts a DEI hearing in 2019-2020 school year.	This will create an ongoing tradition of student involvement and awareness of DEI issues on our campus.  WPI will become a leader in awareness of Dei issues at the workplace.  WPI will become a leader in student training of not only awareness of DEI issues, but also how to solve them.

Participants	Assumptions	Inputs/Strategies	Outcomes	Measures of Success	Long-Term Impacts
Undergraduate	Faculty and staff will be	Develop framework for	Increase knowledge	Students lead	Student committees
students who have	willing to let this	how the committee	and awareness of DEI	presentations on DEI	such as this one will
expressed an	committee act as a	would operate.	for each student who	during the 2019-2020	become more
interest in student	hearing board for issues	Student groups will be	participates.	school year.	common in schools.
leadership	of DEI among students	required to have	Professors will have	After 2024 DEI	
		presentations from DEI	students from DEI	committee is fully	
		board yearly.	board in every class,	independent, with	
			and some may be	minimal adviser	
			invited to give	guidance.	
			presentations.		

### Student Incentives & Rewards

Problem Statement: There are a lack of student incentives and rewards for students to participate in DEI related activities.

Participants	Assumptions	Inputs/Strategies	Outcomes	Measures of Success	Long-Term Impacts
Graduate & undergraduate students	That students conduct and have the opportunities to conduct activities worthy of an award.	Establish criteria for a student award, similar to the CARE (Courageous, Aware, Responsible, Exceptional) Award, for outstanding DEI activities to be awarded annually at the student award ceremony.  Identify an appropriate name for the award, possibly in honor of a DEI pioneer at WPI.  Develop application criteria and disseminate information about the award.	Establish a student award, similar to the CARE (Courageous, Aware, Responsible, Exceptional) Award, for outstanding DEI activities to be awarded annually at the student award ceremony.  Begin issuing annual award in spring 2019	Awards granted.	To recognize and reward student successes in DEI related activities.  To have a permanent plaque in a prominent place that lists the annual recipients.

Graduate &		In academic year of	Survey of institute	
undergraduate		2021/2022,	participants in	
students		participating faculty	associated workshops	
		and students will have	indicates recognition	
		applied to	of facilitators of	
		conferences, journals,	experts in on	
		books, or other	mentoring students	
		publications and	on DEI research.	
		outlets; such	Follow up interviews	
		applications will	with student	
		continue in 2022/2023	researchers on DEI	
		and beyond.	innovation grant	
		We will see evidence	projects will reveal	
		of dissemination at	extent to which they	
		conferences, in	have and mechanisms	
		journals and books,	by which they did	
		and in other	carry this research	
		publications and	experience	
		outlets starting in	(mentorship,	
		2022/2023.	knowledge of DEI,	
		There will be a	conference & publications) into DEI	
		workshop at the	in their professional	
		Institute for PBL each	and personal work	
		year on mentoring	and workplace.	
		students on DEI		
		research.		

# Appendix C: Project Inclusion Rubric

# Dimension II: Faculty Support for and Involvement in Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion

An important element for diversity, inclusion and equity institutionalization is the degree to which the faculty take ownership of diversity, inclusion and equity as essential to the academic core of the campus.

Components	Stage One: Emerging	Stage Two: Developing	Stage Three: Transforming
Faculty Knowledge & Awareness	Very few members know what diversity, inclusion and equity are or understand why they are essential aspects of a student's education.	An adequate number of faculty members know what diversity, inclusion and equity are and understand why it is an essential aspect of a student's education.	A substantial number of faculty members know what diversity, inclusion and equity are and understand why it is an essential aspect of a student's education.
Faculty Involvement & Support*	Very few faculty members are instructors, supporters, or advocates of diversity, inclusion and equity. Few support the strong infusion of diversity, inclusion and equity into the academy or into their own professional work. A few faculty members on campus sustain diversity, inclusion, and equity activities.	While a satisfactory number of faculty members are supportive of diversity, inclusion and equity, few faculty members are advocates for infusing diversity in the overall mission and/or their own professional work. An inadequate or unsatisfactory number of key faculty members are engaged in diversity, inclusion and equity.	A substantial number of influential faculty members participate as instructors, supporters, and advocates of diversity, inclusion, and equity support the infusion of diversity, inclusion and equity both into the institution's overall mission and the faculty members' individual professional work.
Faculty Leadership*	Very few of the most influential faculty members on campus serve as leaders for advancing diversity, inclusion, and equity on the campus and/or are not encouraging colleagues to engage in diversity work on campus or in their courses.	There are only several (two or more) influential faculty members who provide leadership to the campus' diversity, inclusion, and equity efforts and encourage colleagues to engage in diversity, inclusion and equity work on campus or in their courses.	A highly respected, influential group of faculty members serves as the campus' diversity, inclusion and equity leaders and/or advocates and encourages colleagues to engage in diversity, inclusion and equity work on campus or in their courses.

Faculty Rewards*	In general, faculty members are not encouraged to engage in diversity, inclusion and equity; faculty members' work in diversity, inclusion and equity is not usually recognized during their review, tenure, and promotion and sabbatical processes.	Although faculty members are encouraged to pursue diversity, inclusion and equity activities, their work in diversity, inclusion and equity is not always recognized during their review, tenure, and promotion and sabbatical processes.	Faculty who are involved in diversity, inclusion and equity receive recognition for it during the campus' review, tenure, and promotion and sabbatical process; faculty is encouraged to pursue diversity, inclusion and equity activities.
Faculty Development & Incentives	There are few opportunities and dedicated funds to support and sustain faculty capacity for diversity over time. There are few incentives provided (e.g., mini-grants, course releases, funds for conferences, etc.) to pursue diversity activities.	There are some opportunities and dedicated funds to support and sustain the faculty capacity to do diversity, inclusion and equity related-work over time. There are some incentives are provided to pursue diversity, inclusion and equity activities.	There are many opportunities and dedicated funds to support and sustain the faculty capacity to do diversity, inclusion and equity related-work over time. There are many incentives are provided to pursue diversity, inclusion and equity activities.
Academic Departments*	Few, if any, departments infuse diversity, inclusion and equity as formal part of their academic programs.	Several departments offer opportunities to engage in diversity, inclusion and equity related activities (e.g., research, study abroad) and courses, but these opportunities and courses typically are not a part of the formal academic program of the department and/or are not primarily supported by departmental funds.	In a fair to large number of departments, diversity, equity and inclusion shape course content, project design, and pedagogy.

<sup>\*</sup>The logic models for these components are still in development.

# Dimension IV: Staff Engagement and Involvement in Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion

One of the essential factors for institutionalizing diversity in higher education is the degree to which staff members are involved in implementation and advancement of diversity, inclusion, and equity issues on campus.

Components	Stage One: Emerging	Stage Two: Developing	Stage Three: Transforming
Staff Knowledge & Awareness	Very few staff members know what diversity, inclusion, and equity are or understand why they are an essential part of an education.	Some staff members know what diversity, inclusion, and equity are and understand why they are an essential part of an education.	A substantial number of staff members know what diversity, inclusion, and equity are and can articulate why they is an essential part of an education.
Staff Engagement & Involvement	Very few staff members are supporters, instructors, or advocates of diversity, inclusion, and equity. A few staff members on campus sustain diversity activities.	While some staff members are supportive of diversity, inclusion, and equity few are advocates for infusing diversity in the overall mission and/or their own professional work.	A substantial number of staff members participates as supporters, instructors and advocates of diversity, inclusion, and equity and infuse diversity both into the institution's overall mission and the staff members' individual professional work.
Staff Incentives & Rewards*	In general, staff members are not encouraged to engage in diversity, inclusion and equity; few if any incentives are provided (e.g., funds for conferences, professional development etc.) to pursue diversity activities; staff members' work in diversity, inclusion and equity is not usually recognized during their performance review and promotion process.	Although staff members are encouraged and are provided various incentives (funds for diversity conferences, professional development, etc.) to pursue diversity activities, their work in diversity, inclusion and equity is not always recognized during their performance review and promotion process.	Staff members who engage in diversity practices receive recognition for it during the campus' performance review and promotion process; staff are encouraged and are provided various incentives (funds for diversity conferences, professional development, etc.) to pursue diversity, inclusion and equity activities.

Components	Stage One: Emerging	Stage Two: Developing	Stage Three: Transforming
Non-Academic Departments*	Few, if any, units (e.g. Purchasing, Human Resources, Dining Services, Student Life) infuse diversity, inclusion and equity as a formal part of their operational practices.	Several departments infuse diversity, inclusion and equity into their operational practices, but these initiatives are not a part of the formal unit annual planning and budget.	In a fair to large number of departments, diversity, equity and inclusion are a part of the department's formal strategic planning, programmatic and budget practices.

<sup>\*</sup>The logic models for these components are still in development.

# Dimension V: Student Support for and Involvement in Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion

An important element of diversity institutionalization is the degree to which students are provided the opportunities to learn about diversity, inclusion, and equity in co-curricular settings; are aware of these opportunities; engaged in these opportunities; and play a leadership role in the development of diversity on campus.

Components	Stage One: Emerging	Stage Two: Developing	Stage Three: Transforming
Student Knowledge & Awareness	Very few students know what diversity, inclusion and equity are or understand why knowledge and experience in these areas are essential to their education and their future work.	Some students know what diversity, inclusion and equity are and understand why knowledge and experience in these areas are essential to their education and their future work.	A substantial number of students know what diversity, inclusion and equity are. They understand and can articulate why knowledge and experience in these areas are essential to their education and their future work.
Student Success*	Few, if any, linkages exist between student knowledge, skills, and dispositions related to diversity, inclusion and equity and campus definitions of student success both within the classroom and outside of it.	Some evidence exists supporting the link between diversity, inclusion and equity and student success.	Publicly available definitions of student success in curricular and co-curricular experiences always include references to diversity, inclusion and equity as a critical indicator.
Student Opportunities for Engagement*	Only a handful of co-curricular opportunities to enhance student learning about diversity, inclusion and equity issues are available; Very few students are involved or engaged in diversity activities.	There are some opportunities offered to enhance student learning on diversity, inclusion and equity issues. However, involvement and engagement are limited to affinity groups, and co-curricular programming exists in segregated communities.	There are ample opportunities and options offered to enhance student learning about diversity, inclusion and equity issues on campus and within the larger community.  Administrators at all levels, faculty, staff, and students actively collaborate with community members to assure the development of these opportunities.

Student Leadership	Few, if any, opportunities on campus
	exist for student leaders to develop

expertise on diversity, inclusion and equity issues; few, if any, opportunities on campus exist for students to take on leadership roles in advancing diversity in co-curricular

settings throughout the campus.

There are some opportunities on campus for student leaders to develop expertise on diversity, inclusion and equity issues; there are some opportunities on campus for students to take on leadership roles in advancing diversity in co-curricular settings throughout the campus.

There are a number of training and development opportunities to develop students' expertise on diversity, inclusion and equity issues. Students are encouraged to develop inclusive leadership skills and serve as advocates and ambassadors for institutionalizing diversity in curricular settings throughout the campus.

### **Student Incentives & Rewards**

The campus has neither formal mechanisms (e.g. diversity notation on students' transcripts, etc.) nor informal mechanisms (news stories in paper, unofficial student certificates of achievement) that encourage students to participate in diversity.

While the campus offers some informal incentives and rewards that encourage students to participate in diversity activities/efforts and/or reward students for their participation in diversity-related activities, the campus offers few or no formal incentives and rewards.

The campus has formal mechanisms in place that encourage students to participate in diversity and inclusion efforts and provides campus wide recognition for their participation in these efforts throughout the campus.

<sup>\*</sup>The logic models for these components are still in development.